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Structural Design Calculations



A handwritten signature in blue ink that reads 'Scott N. Adams'.

Site No.: 4BV0490 - Private Silo Sheldon
Project: Anchor
Client: Smartlink
Date: November 12, 2024

Synopsis:

The proposed T-Mobile equipment installation consists of:

- Three (3) RFS APXVAALL24M antennas (1 per sector)
- Three (3) FRV APXVLL19P antennas (1 per sector)
- Three (3) Ericsson RRUS-4480 remote radio heads (RRHs)(1 per sector)
- Three (3) Ericsson RRUS-4460 RRHs (1 per sector)

Material Properties:

Structural steel yield stress,

$$F_{ys} := 36 \cdot \text{ksi}$$

Steel yield stress (pipe),

$$F_{yp} := 35 \cdot \text{ksi}$$

Modulus of elasticity of steel,

$$E_s := 29 \cdot 10^6 \cdot \text{psi}$$

Steel unit weight,

$$\gamma_s := 490 \cdot \text{pcf}$$

Loads:

Environmental Loads:

Wind Load:

Exposure category, (ASCE 7-10 Sec 26.7.3)

Risk Category, Category II (ASCE 7-10 Table 1.5-1)

Basic Wind Velocity, $V_w := 115 \text{ mph}$ (ASCE 7-10)

Antenna Height, Height := 52ft

Exposure coefficient, $K_z = 0.82$ (ASCE 7-10 Table 29.3-1)

Wind Directionality Factor, $K_d := 0.9$ (ASCE 7-10 Table 26.6-1)

Velocity wind pressure, $q_z := .00256 \cdot V_w^2 \cdot K_z \cdot K_d \cdot \text{psf} = 24.93 \cdot \text{psf}$ (ASCE 7-10 Sec. 27.3.2)

Gust response factor, $G_r := 0.85$ (ASCE 7-10 Sec. 26.9.1)

Force coeff: Flat, $C_f := 1.4$ (ASCE 7-10 Fig. 29.5-1)

Round $C_r := .85$

Wind Load factor, $LF := .6$ (ASCE 7-10 Sect 2.4)

Wind load pressure, $WL_f := q_z \cdot G_r \cdot C_f = 29.67 \cdot \text{psf}$ (ASCE 7-10 C26.5-1)

Radial ice thickness, $t_{ice} := .75 \cdot \text{in}$

Density of ice, $\gamma_{ice} := 56 \cdot \text{pcf}$

Client: Smartlink
Subject: Structural Analysis, 1298
Machia Road, Sheldon, VT 05482
Site No.: 4BV0490A

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Sheet: 2
Date: 11/12/24
Calculated by: MRC

Equipment Loads:

Antennas

APXVAALL24M:

Width, $w_{a1} := 20 \cdot \text{in}$

Depth, $t_{a1} := 8.5 \cdot \text{in}$

Length, $l_{a1} := 96 \cdot \text{in}$

Weight, $W_{a1} := 90 \cdot \text{lb}$

APXVLL19P:

Width, $w_{a2} := 12 \cdot \text{in}$

Depth, $t_{a2} := 4.6 \cdot \text{in}$

Length, $l_{a2} := 76 \cdot \text{in}$

Weight, $W_{a2} := 60 \cdot \text{lb}$

Position 3:

Width, $w_{a3} := 0 \cdot \text{in}$

Depth, $t_{a3} := 0 \cdot \text{in}$

Length, $l_{a3} := 0 \cdot \text{in}$

Weight, $W_{a3} := 0 \cdot \text{lb}$

Position 4:

Width, $w_{a4} := 0 \cdot \text{in}$

Depth, $t_{a4} := 0 \cdot \text{in}$

Length, $l_{a4} := 0 \cdot \text{in}$

Weight, $W_{a4} := 0 \cdot \text{lb}$

RRHs

RRUS-4460:

Width, $w_{r1} := 15.7 \cdot \text{in}$

Depth, $t_{r1} := 12.1 \cdot \text{in}$

Length, $l_{r1} := 19.6 \cdot \text{in}$

Weight, $W_{r1} := 109 \cdot \text{lb}$

RRUS-4480:

Width, $w_{r2} := 15.7 \cdot \text{in}$

Depth, $t_{r2} := 7.5 \cdot \text{in}$

Length, $l_{r2} := 22 \cdot \text{in}$

Weight, $W_{r2} := 84 \cdot \text{lb}$

Position 3:

Width, $w_{r3} := 0 \cdot \text{in}$

Depth, $t_{r3} := 0 \cdot \text{in}$

Length, $l_{r3} := 0 \cdot \text{in}$

Weight, $W_{r3} := 0 \cdot \text{lb}$

Position 4:

Width, $w_{r4} := 0 \cdot \text{in}$

Depth, $t_{r4} := 0 \cdot \text{in}$

Length, $l_{r4} := 0 \cdot \text{in}$

Weight, $W_{r4} := 0 \cdot \text{lb}$

Weight of antennas/RRHs:

$$W_1 := W_{a1} + W_{r1} = 199 \text{ lb}$$

$$W_2 := W_{a2} + W_{r2} = 144 \text{ lb}$$

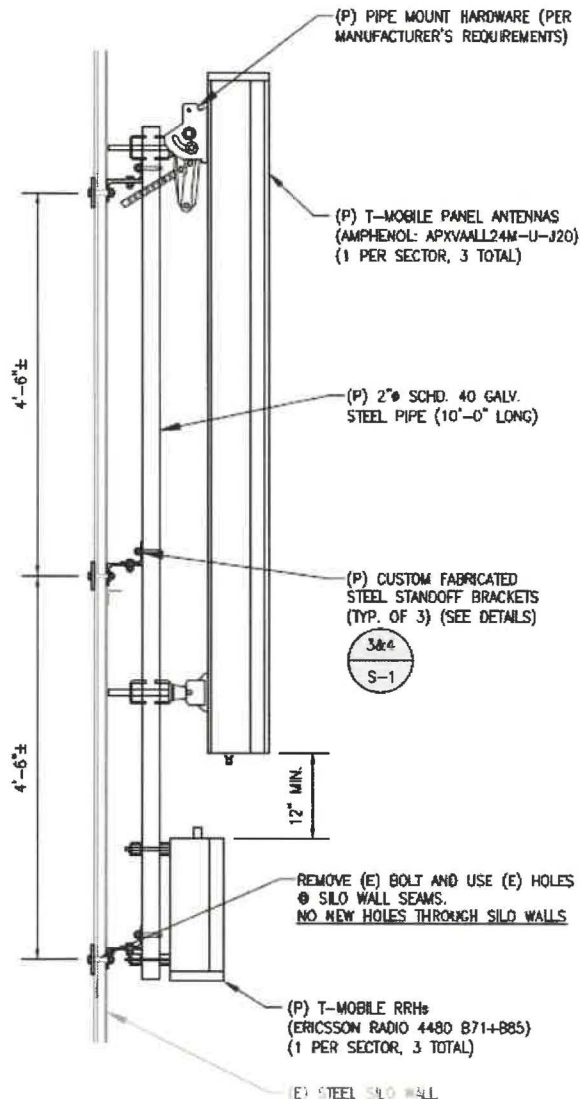
$$W_3 := W_{a3} + W_{r3} = 0$$

$$W_4 := W_{a4} + W_{r4} = 0$$

$$W_{ar} := \sum W = 343 \text{ lb}$$

Analysis

Fig 1 - Proposed Mount (from drawings)



Antenna (APXVAALL24M)

Width, $w_{a1} = 1.67 \text{ ft}$

Depth, $t_{a1} = 8.5 \text{ in}$

Length, $l_{a1} = 8 \text{ ft}$

Weight, $W_{a1} = 90 \text{ lb}$

RRH (RRUS-4480)

Width, $w_{r2} = 15.7 \text{ in}$

Depth, $t_{r2} = 7.5 \text{ in}$

Length, $l_{r2} = 22 \text{ in}$

Weight, $W_{r2} = 84 \text{ lb}$

Pipe

Diameter, $\phi_p := 2.375 \text{ in}$

Length, $l_p := l_{a1} + 12 \text{ in} + l_{r1} = 10.63 \text{ ft}$

Weight, $w_p := 3.65 \text{ plf}$

Weight of ice:

$$W_{ant_ice} := \left[\left[w_{a1} + (2 \cdot t_{ice}) \right] \cdot \left[t_{a1} + (2 \cdot t_{ice}) \right] \cdot \left[l_{a1} + (2 \cdot t_{ice}) \right] - w_{a1} \cdot t_{a1} \cdot l_{a1} \right] \cdot \gamma_{ice} = 150.45 \text{ lb}$$

$$W_{rrh_ice} := \left[\left[w_{r2} + (2 \cdot t_{ice}) \right] \cdot \left[t_{r2} + (2 \cdot t_{ice}) \right] \cdot \left[l_{r2} + (2 \cdot t_{ice}) \right] - w_{r2} \cdot t_{r2} \cdot l_{r2} \right] \cdot \gamma_{ice} = 33.94 \text{ lb}$$

According to drawings by this office dated 10/28/24 the existing silo is an abandoned glass-walled structure approximately 22' diameter, and 75' tall (to rim). The method of attachment of the proposed antennas and RRHs will entail removing the existing bolts that fasten the glass-lined panels together and replace them with similar, but longer, bolts that will secure the mounting brackets to the facade of the silo. Steel backing plates will be used to distribute the bolt load to the interior wall of the silo.

Side Wind Loading:

Effective depth of equipment, $D_{\text{eff}} := t_{a1} + 4 \cdot \text{in} + \phi_p = 1.24 \text{ ft}$

Effective length of equipment, $L_{\text{eff}} := l_{a1} + 12 \cdot \text{in} + l_{r2} = 10.83 \text{ ft}$

Wind force on equipment, $P_{\text{wind_eq}} := D_{\text{eff}} \cdot L_{\text{eff}} \cdot W_L \cdot LF = 239.02 \text{ lb}$

Weight of pipe, brackets, $W_{\text{misc}} := 50 \cdot \text{lb}$

Distance of assembly from wall, $d_1 := 6 \cdot \text{in}$

Number of mounts, $n_s := 3$

Mount separation, $d_2 := 4.5 \cdot \text{ft}$

Moment at each mount, $M := \frac{P_{\text{wind_eq}} \cdot d_1}{n_s} = 39.84 \text{ lb} \cdot \text{ft}$

Number of bolts per mount plate, $n_b := 3$

Spacing of bolts, $s_{\text{bolt}} := 4 \cdot \text{in}$

Maximum tensile force on bolt, $T_{\text{bolt_side}} := \frac{\frac{M}{s_{\text{bolt}} \cdot 2}}{n_b - 2} = 59.76 \text{ lb}$

Front Wind Loading:

Effective width of equipment, $W_{\text{eff}} := \max(w_{a1}, w_{r2}) = 1.67 \text{ ft}$

Effective length of equipment, $L_{\text{eff}} = 10.83 \text{ ft}$

Wind force on equipment, $P_{\text{wind_eq}} := W_{\text{eff}} \cdot L_{\text{eff}} \cdot W_L \cdot LF = 321.37 \text{ lb}$

Weight of pipe, brackets, $W_{\text{misc}} = 50 \text{ lb}$

Distance from top of antenna to top mount, $d_3 := 0 \cdot \text{ft}$

Number of mounts, $n_s = 3$

Mount separation, $d_2 = 4.5 \text{ ft}$

Gravity load from equipment, $P_{g_eq} := W_{ant_ice} + W_{rrh_ice} + W_{a1} + W_{r2} + W_{misc} = 408.39 \text{ lb}$

Mount Reactions:

$$\text{Top, } R_t := \frac{P_{wind_eq} \cdot \left[(d_2 \cdot 2) - \left(\frac{L_{eff}}{2} - d_3 \right) \right] + P_{g_eq} \cdot d_1}{d_2 \cdot 2} = 150.64 \text{ lb}$$

$$\text{Bottom, } R_b := P_{wind_eq} - R_t = 170.73 \text{ lb}$$

Number of bolts per mount plate, $n_b := 4$

$$\text{Maximum tensile force on bolt, } T_{bolt_front} := \frac{\max(R_t, R_b)}{n_b} = 42.68 \text{ lb}$$

$$\text{Maximum tensile force on bolt (from either side or front loading), } T_{bolt} := \max(T_{bolt_front}, T_{bolt_side}) = 59.76 \text{ lb}$$

OK by inspection

The proposed additional wind load is minimal when compared to the overall wind load and gravity load acting on the existing silo, therefore the silo is considered structurally adequate by inspection.

Conclusion:

Based on the results of the analysis, the proposed T-Mobile NSB installation is structurally sound, as designed and depicted on plans by this office. The analysis was conducted in accordance with the Vermont 2015 Fire & Building Safety Code, and ASCE 7-10.

References:

1. American Society of Civil Engineers (2010), Minimum Design Loads for Buildings and Other Structures (7-10), American Society of Civil Engineers, New York, NY
2. Vermont 2015 Fire & Building Safety Code (IBC 2015)